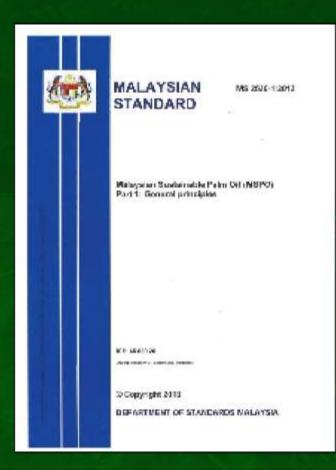


MSPO 2022 STANDARDS

MSPO STANDARDS (MS2530:2022)

Part 4-2

Part 4-3



Part 1 : General Principles

Part 2-1 : General Principles for Independent Smallholders

(40.46 hectares and below)

Part 2-2 : General Principles for Organised Smallholders

(40.46 hectares and below)

Part 3-1 : General Principles for Oil Palm Plantations

(Above 40.46 hectares to 500 hectares)

Part 3-2 : General Principles for Oil Palm Plantations

(Above 500 hectares)

Part 4-1 : General Principles for Palm Oil Mill including

Supply Chain Requirements

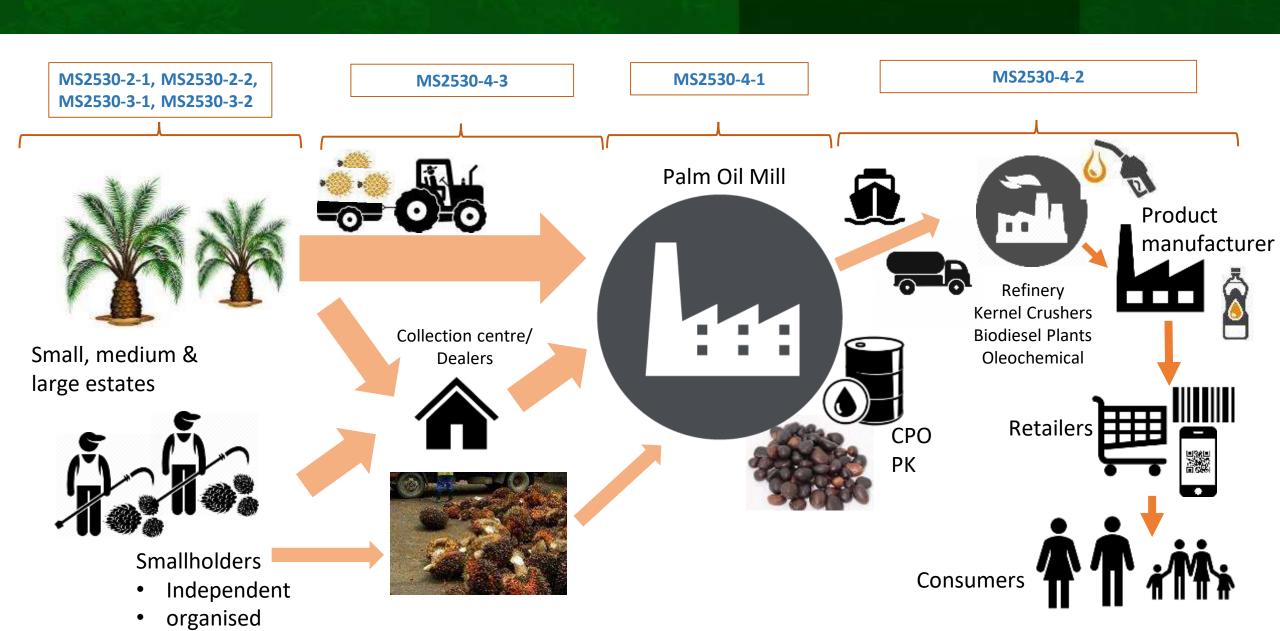
General Principles for Palm Oil Processing

Facilities including Supply Chain Requirements

General Principles for Dealers including Supply

Chain Requirements

MSPO certification in the Malaysian palm oil value chain



PRINCIPLES OF MS2530:2022

Management commitment & responsibility

2

Transparency

3

Compliance to Legal and other requirements

4

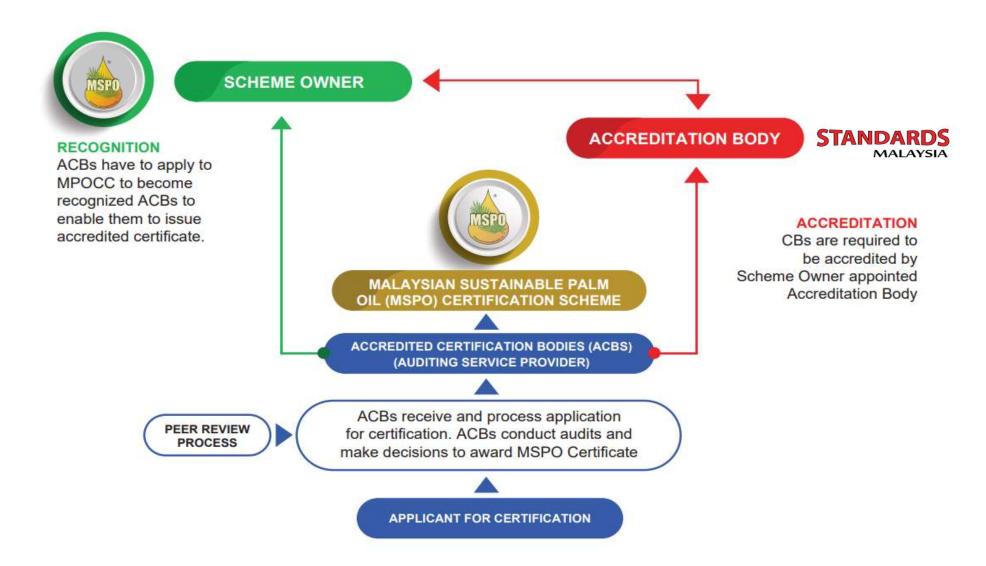
Responsibility to social, health, safety and employment conditions

Environment, natural
resources, biodiversity
& ecosystem services

INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENT FOR MSPO CERTIFICATION SCHEME

(Accreditation of CBs & Certification Process)





MS2530: 2022 Key New Elements



• High Conservation

Value (HCV)

Assessment





- New Planting cut-off date (31 Dec 2019)
- No conversion of HCV area, protected area and natural forest

- Social Impact
 Assessment (SIA)
- ILO Forced Labour Indicators
- ILO Decent Work Agenda
- Triangular Employment
- Ethical Conduct and
 Anti Bribery





• Green House Gas (GHG)
Calculator

MSPO PROGRESS





Certification Uptake as of March 2024

MSPO

MSPO Certified Planted Areas, 87.63%

4.95 million hectares

MSPO Certified Mills, 89.65%

416 units

MSPO-CSPO Production

Actual 2023

Forecast 2024

17.5 mil ton17.7 mil ton

Approach to sustaining certification uptake:

- 1. Continuous monitoring by MSPO and Accredited Certification Bodies.
- 2. Licensing enforcement by MPOB.
- 3. Continuous engagement with stakeholders.

POTENTIAL SOLUTIONS: HOW MSPO CAN MEET EUDR



Geolocation: Potential solutions



Upgrade MSPO Trace so that geolocation information (in line with EUDR) can be uploaded by CBs and transferred along the supply chain.



Use MSPO Segregated Supply Chain model for EU market and adherence to the MSPO system requirement.



Link MSPO Trace with MPOB's Geopalm Portal which has geolocation information in line with EUDR requirements.

Deforestation-free: Potential solutions



Identify and publish information on plantations that are 'deforestation-free' i.e. established before 31 Dec 2020



Use the HCV mechanism to identify and verify deforestation free status of new plantings – align forest definition in the HCV Guidelines with the FAO/EUDR definition



Explore the alignment of the MSPO definition of forest to the FAO/EUDR definition of forest.

MSPO Statistic from 2015 to 2021

- 2015 Voluntary implementation of MSPO certification started
- February 2017 Announcement of MSPO
 mandatory
 implementation by 2020
- 1 January 2020 Mandatory
 implementation of MSPO
 beginning



Legality: Potential solutions



MSPO Guidance could include a list of the relevant international conventions to which Malaysia has ratified, and which hold legal force Malaysia especially in relation to human rights to align with information needs of **Article 2 (40f)**.

Information related to tax, trade, and customs regulations could be made available through declaration for the purpose of EUDR.

Solutions for the EU market

- Upgrade MSPO Trace to allow for full traceability to the plot of land where FFB was produced for products sold to the EU
 - *require relevant EU operators to register as a buyer in MSPO trace (to allow access to relevant supply chain information)
- The revised MSPO 2022 Standards include a standard for dealers. Certification of dealers will enable smallholders to be included for supply chains selling to the EU market.

MSPO is the tool to address sustainability requirements





Traceability

2

Deforestation-free

3

Legitimate land title



Good labour practices (human rights)











Plantations

- Large
- Smallholders

Mills

Refineries

Oleochemical

Consumer Products

- Food
- Non-food

Terima Kasih Thank you